

2017

SANSKRIT

(Major)

Paper : 6.1

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer the following questions :

1×7=7

(a) What is अधिभूतं?

(b) Fill in the blank :

_____ चेतसा नान्यगामिना।

(c) ... तं कालं वक्ष्यामि भरतर्षभ।

Who is meant by 'भरतर्षभ' here?

(d) What is अधियज्ञः?

(e) Fill in the blank :

The Yogācāra is also called _____.

- (f) Write the name of the Bhāṣya written by Śaṅkarācārya on the Brahmasūtra.
- (g) How many Pramāṇas are accepted in Advaita Vedānta Philosophy?

2. Give short answers to the following questions :

2×4=8

- (a) Write the meanings of the words 'व्यक्त' and 'अव्यक्त'.
- (b) How can one attain the Supreme state (परमा गति) as discussed in the 8th Chapter of the *Gītā*?
- (c) Who is known as अहोरात्रविदः in the *Gītā*?
- (d) What are the Four Noble Truths of Buddhism?

3. Explain with reference to the context any one of the following verses :

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- (a) यं यं वापि स्मरन्भावं त्यजत्यन्ते कलेवरम्।
तं तमेवैति कौन्तेय सदा तद्भावभावितः॥
- (b) कविं पुराणमनुशासितारम् अणोरणीयांसमनुस्मरेद् यः।
सर्वस्य धातारमचिन्त्यरूपम् आदित्यवर्णं तमसः परस्तात्॥
- (c) भूतग्रामः स एवायं भूत्वा भूत्वा प्रलीयते।
रात्र्यागमेऽवशः पार्थ प्रभवत्यहरागमे॥

4. Write a note on the nature of ब्रह्म as discussed in the 8th Chapter of the *Gītā*.

10

Or

Discuss about the two Paths described in the 8th Chapter of the *Gītā*.

5. Answer any two of the following questions :

10×2=20

- (a) Write a note on the origin and development of Advaita Vedānta Philosophy.
- (b) Discuss fully the concept of जगत् in Advaita Vedānta Philosophy.
- (c) Write down the four schools of Buddhism and discuss the salient features of any one of them.
- (d) Show your acquaintance with the theory of momentariness (क्षणिकत्ववाद) of Bauddha Philosophy.

6. Write short notes on any two of the following :

5×2=10

Pratītyasamutpāda ; Māyā ; Brahmasūtra ;
Rāmānuja.

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(Major)

Paper : 6.2

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer the following questions : 1×7=7

- (a) State the meaning of 'Vāstu' (वास्तु).
- (b) Which Chapter of the 'बृहत्संहिता' contains 'वास्तुविद्याध्याय'?
- (c) How many houses do Kṣatriyas possess?
- (d) Which type of soil is congenial for growth of all trees?
- (e) What is the last unit of place value as found in 'लीलावती'?

(f) How many methods are found for multiplication in 'लीलावती'?

(g) Define कृति: (square) as found in 'लीलावती'.

2. Answer the following questions briefly : $2 \times 4 = 8$

(a) What are the measurements of walls made of bricks or wood for buildings?

(b) What are the different seasons for planting different trees?

(c) How should plants be watered in different seasons?

(d) Write the names of coins as found in *Līlāvati*.

3. Answer the following questions : $5 \times 3 = 15$

(a) What are the different types of Pillars? Explain briefly.

Or

Write a note on the origin of वास्तुपुरुष.

(b) Show your acquaintance with *Siddhānta-śiromaṇi* of Bhāskarācārya.

(c) Explain the following :

प्रान्तच्छायाविनिर्मुक्ता न मनोज्ञा जलाशयाः।
यस्मादतो जलप्रान्तेष्वरामान् विनिवेशयेत्॥

Or

शीतवातातपै रोगो जायते पाण्डुपत्रता।
अवृद्धिश्च प्रवालानां शाखाशोषो रसस्तुतिः॥

4. Present a note on Bhāskarācārya's opinion on the measures of length. 10

Or

Write a note on the content of *Līlāvati*.

5. Explain the following verse with reference to the context : 10

श्रेष्ठं नन्द्यावर्तं सर्वेषां वर्धमानसं च।
स्वस्तिकरुचके मध्ये शेषं शुभदं नृपादीनाम्॥

Or

Discuss the salient features of the residential houses of commander-in-chief.

6. Write what you know about काण्डरोष्य and संक्रामणविरोपण types of planting trees. 10

Or

Write down the steps for growing कपित्थ seeds.

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(Major)

Paper : 6.3

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer the following questions : 1×3=3
 - (a) What is the time period of Caraka?
 - (b) Name three types of शारीरिक दोषs as you find in the Carakasamhitā.
 - (c) Write the meaning of the word 'दीर्घजीवितीयम्'.
2. Define आयु and आयुर्वेद after Caraka. 2
3. Answer any three of the following : 5×3=15
 - (a) Mention the qualities of पित्त.
 - (b) Mention the names of Mūlinī द्रव्यs.

(2)

- (c) Discuss द्रव्य (matter) and गुण (quality) as you find in the 'चरकसंहिता'.
- (d) Mention the names of क्षीर (milk) and their usage.
4. Explain with reference to the context any two of the following : $10 \times 2 = 20$
- (a) सर्वदा सर्वभावानां सामान्यं वृद्धिकारणम्।
हासहेतुर्विशेषश्च प्रवृत्तिरुभयस्य तु॥
- (b) तदेव युक्तं भैषज्यं यदारोग्याय कल्पते।
स चैव भिषजां श्रेष्ठो रोगेभ्यो यः प्रमोचयेत्॥
- (c) शरीरं सत्त्वसंज्ञं च व्याधीनामाश्रयो मतः।
तथा सुखानां योगस्तु सुखानां कारणं समः॥
5. Fill in the blanks : $1 \times 4 = 4$
- (a) The microprocessor is also known as the _____.
- (b) The main circuit board of the computer system is _____.
- (c) _____ language uses simple English words and mathematical operators.
- (d) ALU stands for _____.

(3)

6. Answer the following questions : $2 \times 3 = 6$
- (a) What is secondary memory?
- (b) What is hardware?
- (c) Why does a computer need an external memory? Explain briefly.
7. Answer any one of the following : 10
- (a) Explain the features of high-level language.
- (b) What is an operating system? What are its different types? Discuss briefly.
- (c) Discuss the functioning of a loader.

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SANSKRIT

(Major)

Paper : 6.4

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Give the answers of the following questions : 1×7=7

- (a) Who is the writer of the book,
Sāhityadarpaṇa?
- (b) Give an example of a महावाक्य.
- (c) What is the primary power of a word?
- (d) Which power of word is connected to रूढि
or प्रयोजन?
- (e) What is the linguistic name of Sanskrit?
- (f) Who has coined the term Indo-European?
- (g) Which type of Sanskrit language is
characterised by accent?

(2)

2. Give the answers of the following questions : $2 \times 4 = 8$

- (a) Define योग्यता and explain why it is necessary in connection with a sentence.
- (b) What are the dimensions of संकेत?
- (c) What are the two broad divisions of व्यञ्जना as reflected in its definition given by Viśvanātha?
- (d) Explain the term Indo-European.

3. Answer any one of the following : 5

- (a) Discuss उपादानलक्षणा along with examples.
- (b) How is आसत्ति an important ingredient of a sentence? Establish.

4. Answer any two of the following : $5 \times 2 = 10$

- (a) Explain the concept of गुण-वृद्धि-सम्प्रसारण.
- (b) What is Grimm's law? Discuss it with suitable examples.
- (c) Write a note on the usage of उपसर्ग in Vedic Sanskrit.

(3)

5. Write a note on the concept of Indo-European language. 10

Or

Discuss the salient features of the Old-Indo-Aryan language.

6. Explain : 10

तिस्रः शब्दस्य शक्तयः।

Or

How do you refute the existence of लक्षणा in the expression कर्मणि कुशलः?

7. Distinguish between शुद्धा लक्षणा and गौणी लक्षणा along with examples. 10

Or

Write a note on व्यञ्जना on the basis of the opinion forwarded by Viśvanātha Kavirāja.

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2017

SANSKRIT

(Major)

Paper : 6.5

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer the following :

1×7=7

- (a) How many रीतिस have been accepted in the *Sāhityadarpaṇa*?
- (b) Name one आलङ्कारिक who has been referred to in the 9th Chapter of the *Sāhityadarpaṇa* by Viśvanātha.
- (c) Mention one feature of the गौडी रीति.
- (d) Fill up the gap :
_____ तु रीतिर्वैदर्भीपाञ्चाल्योरन्तरे स्थिता ।

- (e) What is the meaning of the term 'पदसङ्घटना'?
- (f) According to Viśvanātha Kavirāja, रीति is the soul of poetry.
(Write True or False)
- (g) Name the writer of the book, 'वैयाकरण-सिद्धान्तकौमुदी'.

2. Explain any *three* of the following : $5 \times 3 = 15$

स्थानेऽन्तरतमः ; अचश्च ; मिदचोऽन्त्यात्परः ;
तस्मादित्युत्तरस्य ; आंदेः परस्य ।

3. Explain briefly any *two* of the following : $2 \times 2 = 4$

- (a) टिक्तितौ यस्योक्तौ तस्य क्रमादाद्यन्तावयवौ स्तः ।
- (b) अनिर्धारितसम्बन्धविशेषा षष्ठी स्थानेयोगा बोध्या ।
- (c) सप्तमी निर्देशेन विधीयमानं कार्यं वर्णान्तरेणाव्यवहितस्य पूर्वस्य बोध्यम् ।

4. Write short notes on (any *two*) : $2 \times 2 = 4$

रीति ; वैदर्भी रीति ; पाञ्चाली रीति ।

5. Answer any *three* of the following : $10 \times 3 = 30$

- (a) Discuss about the astronomers of ancient India.
- (b) Present a note on India's achievements in the field of Mathematics.
- (c) Write an extensive note on Indian medicine.
- (d) Present an elaborate discussion on Indian architecture.

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8. Write briefly about the Smṛti literature citing its salient features. 10

Or

Write a note on the Dāyabhāga as discussed in the Nāradaśmṛti.

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2017

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(Major)

Paper : 6.6

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

UNIT—I

1. Answer the following questions : 1×3=3
 - (a) What are the Vidyās as pointed out by the followers of Bṛhaspati?
 - (b) Name the special duties assigned to Brāhmaṇas as mentioned in Kauṭilya's Arthaśāstra.
 - (c) Give the definition of Vārtā.
2. How can people attain security of possession (योग) and its safety (क्षेम)? 2