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HISTORY

(Major)

Paper : 5.1

(India under the East India Company)

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer **all** questions

1. Answer the following questions in 1 word or 1 sentence each : 1×7=7
- (a) What is Dastak?
 - (b) Who was the Governor-General during the Second Anglo-Mysore War?
 - (c) Who was the first native ruler to sign the Subsidiary Alliance Treaty with Lord Wellesley?
 - (d) In which year was the Permanent Settlement enforced?

(2)

- (e) Name the rebellion associated with Sidhu and Kanhu.
- (f) Name one State which was not annexed by the British empire under Doctrine of Lapse.
- (g) Who is the author of the book, *The Indian War of Independence, 1857*?

2. Answer the following in brief : $2 \times 4 = 8$

- (a) Name two important centres of silk industry in India during the mid-eighteenth century.
- (b) Between whom and in which year the Third Battle of Panipat took place?
- (c) What do you mean by Diwani? Who granted the Diwani to the East India Company in 1765?
- (d) When was the Treaty of Sagauli concluded and between whom?

3. Write short notes on any *three* of the following : $5 \times 3 = 15$

- (a) Dual Government
- (b) Charter Act, 1813
- (c) Tipu Sultan
- (d) Permanent Settlement
- (e) Decline of Cottage Industries

(3)

4. Answer any *three* of the following : $10 \times 3 = 30$

- (a) Discuss the significance of the Battle of Plassey in Indian history.
- (b) Trace the course of the Anglo-Maratha relations during the first two decades of the nineteenth century. Account for their defeat at the hands of the British.
- (c) Critically examine the causes of 'Rural Indebtedness' in India under British rule.
- (d) Commercialization of agriculture in India took place primarily to feed the British industries. Discuss.
- (e) Write a note on the Peasant Movements in India under Company's rule.
- (f) Write a short essay on the tribal revolts in Eastern India during the East India Company's rule.

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2013

HISTORY

(Major)

Paper : 5.2

[**History of Assam (1228-1826)**]

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer **all** questions

1. Answer the following questions in 1 word or in 1 sentence each : 1×7=7
- (a) Name one script used in the Ahom coins.
 - (b) Which ruler first performed the ceremony Singharighar-utha?
 - (c) Who was the founder of the Koch kingdom?
 - (d) Name the Bengali Sakta priest who was invited by Rudra Singha.

(2)

- (e) What is the lowest officer of the Paik system called?
- (f) Who launched the Vaishnava faith in Assam?
- (g) Which Muslim chronicler accompanied Mir Jumlah to Assam?

2. Answer the following in brief : $2 \times 4 = 8$

- (a) Which Ahom ruler introduced the office of the Barapatra Gohain and who was first appointed to the office?
- (b) In which year and during whose reign did Mir Jumlah invade Assam?
- (c) What were Naga khats?
- (d) What are chokeys? Name the officer-in-charge of a chokey.

3. Write short notes on any *three* of the following : $5 \times 3 = 15$

- (a) Literary Sources for Ahom History
- (b) Chilarai
- (c) Satras
- (d) Battle of Saraighat
- (e) Moamaria Rebellion

(3)

4. Answer any *three* of the following : $10 \times 3 = 30$

- (a) Critically discuss the archaeological sources for the reconstruction of the history of Medieval Assam.
- (b) Write a note on Sukapha and the establishment of Ahom rule in Assam.
- (c) Analyze Ahom-Mughal conflict during the reign of Pratap Singha.
- (d) Examine the contribution of Rudra Singha to the history of Assam.
- (e) Discuss the causes and impact of Burmese invasions in Assam.
- (f) Review Ahom-Tribal relations during the period of your study.

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HISTORY

(Major)

Paper : 5.3

[**History of Europe (1789-1870)**]

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer **all** questions

1. Answer the following questions in 1 word or in 1 sentence each : 1×7=7
- (a) What is *lettres de cachet*?
 - (b) Who constituted the Second Estate in France?
 - (c) What is *corvee*?
 - (d) "L'etat c'est moi." (I am the state.) Who said this?
 - (e) Name the French philosopher who advocated constitutional monarchy.

(2)

(f) When did the Holy Roman Empire formally come to an end?

(g) Who founded the Holy Alliance?

2. Answer the following in brief : $2 \times 4 = 8$

(a) What were the two Republican groups in the Legislative Assembly of France?

(b) Which were the two Republics created by Napoleon Bonaparte in Italy?

(c) Name any two powers that supported Turkey in the Crimean War.

(d) Name any two victorious battles fought by Garibaldi against Austria.

3. Write short notes on any *three* of the following : $5 \times 3 = 15$

(a) Voltaire

(b) The Third Estate

(c) The Revolution of 1830

(d) Foreign Policy of Napoleon III

(e) Giuseppe Mazzini

4. Answer any *three* of the following : $10 \times 3 = 30$

(a) Discuss the economic causes of the French Revolution of 1789.

(b) How was the French Republic transformed into a military dictatorship?

(3)

(c) Trace the circumstances leading to the downfall of Napoleon Bonaparte.

(d) To what extent was the Congress of Vienna and the Concert of Europe successful in maintaining the balance of power in Europe?

(e) Evaluate the role of Bismarck in the unification of Germany.

(f) Cavour's diplomacy in the Crimean War paved the way for the unification of Italy. Comment.

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2013

HISTORY

(Major)

Paper : 5.4

(**History of Science and Technology
in Precolonial India**)

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer **all** questions

1. Answer the following questions in 1 word or
in 1 sentence each : 1×7=7
- (a) What is the meaning of the term 'Paleo'?
 - (b) Which Age in the history is known as the 'Microlithic Age'?
 - (c) Mention the Rigvedic term to denote 'Iron'.
 - (d) Name any one port-city of Harappan Civilization.

(2)

- (e) Who is regarded as the 'Father of Indian Medicine'?
- (f) Name the book on Mathematics written by Pingalacharya.
- (g) In which country was gunpowder invented?

2. Answer the following questions in brief : $2 \times 4 = 8$

- (a) Name the present Indian States where Nagarjunakonda and Bhimbetka are situated.
- (b) Name any two contemporary civilizations with whom the Harappans had trade relations.
- (c) Give two features of the Northern black polished ware.
- (d) Mention two characteristics of the 'Iron Age' culture.

3. Write short notes on any *three* of the following : $5 \times 3 = 15$

- (a) Town planning during the Bronze Age
- (b) Painted Grey Ware Culture
- (c) Varahamihira
- (d) Early Indian Contribution to Mathematical Science
- (e) Metal Technology in Medieval India

(3)

4. Answer any *three* of the following questions : $10 \times 3 = 30$

- (a) Examine different stages of technological advancement during the Stone Age. In what ways did the Neolithic Period mark a new beginning?
- (b) Trace the origin and growth of food production among the early men.
- (c) Critically analyze the development of metallurgy and crafts during the Bronze Age.
- (d) Discuss how the use of iron changed the life of the Vedic Aryans.
- (e) Write notes on the following :
 - (i) Brahmagupta
 - (ii) Charaka
- (f) Attempt an appraisal of the technological developments in Medieval India.

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HISTORY

(Major)

Paper : 5.5

[History of Great Britain (1485-1820)]

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer **all** questions

1. Answer the following in 1 word or 1 sentence
each : 1×7=7
- (a) Who was Thomas Wolsey?
 - (b) What was stated in the Statute of Apprentices of 1563?
 - (c) Who were the Puritans?
 - (d) How did the English East India Company acquire Bombay?
 - (e) In which year was the Act of Supremacy passed?

(2)

- (f) Between whom was the Treaty of Dover signed?
- (g) During which years did the Hanoverians rule Great Britain?

2. Answer the following in brief : $2 \times 4 = 8$

- (a) What do you mean by 'Malus Intercursus'?
- (b) Why and by whom was Henry VIII conferred the title of 'Fedei Defensor'?
- (c) What did James I mean by the theory of Divine Right?
- (d) What were the main issues in the Act of Settlement of 1701?

3. Write short notes on any *three* of the following : $5 \times 3 = 15$

- (a) Social and economic life in Tudor England
- (b) Elizabeth's war with Spain
- (c) Royalist and the Civil War
- (d) Bill of rights
- (e) The Long Parliament

(3)

4. Answer any *three* of the following : $10 \times 3 = 30$

- (a) Critically examine the nature of the Reformation Movement in England during the reign of Henry VIII. How far was it political?
- (b) The accession of Mary Tudor was very popular, but her death was equally welcomed. Discuss.
- (c) Charles II and James II both wished to rule as absolute monarchs. Explain.
- (d) What were the chief difficulties which Cromwell faced as protector, and how did he try to overcome them?
- (e) What changes were brought about in the parliamentary politics of England during the reigns of George I and George II?
- (f) Explain the factors responsible for the Industrial Revolution in England. Discuss the political and social effects.

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HISTORY

(Major)

Paper : 5.6

[History of China (1839-1949)]

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer all questions

1. Answer the following questions in *one* word
or in *one* sentence : 1×7=7

(a) Name the treaty which was signed at the
end of the First Opium War.

(b) How many wars were fought in China
over the issue of opium?

(c) Name the Chinese leader who
formulated the Three Peoples'
Principles.

(2)

- (d) In which year was the Boxer Protocol signed?
- (e) Which movement in Chinese history is also known as the *Tung Chih Restoration*?
- (f) Who was Mao Tse-tung?
- (g) In which year did China become a Communist Republic?

2. Give short answers of the following : $2 \times 4 = 8$

- (a) What do you understand by Unequal Treaties?
- (b) Who was Tz'u Hsi?
- (c) Why was the Washington Conference held?
- (d) What were the objectives of the Kuomintang Party?

3. Write short notes on any *three* of the following : $5 \times 3 = 15$

- (a) Lorch Arrow Incident
- (b) Treaty of Whampoa

(3)

- (c) Civil War (1947-1949)
- (d) Red Army
- (e) United Front

4. Answer any *three* of the following : $10 \times 3 = 30$

- (a) What do you understand by 'Opening of China'? Review China's relations with Western powers from 1842 to 1861.
- (b) Examine the causes of the Taiping Movement. Why did it fail?
- (c) Review the three phases of the Self-Strengthening Movement and account for its failure to achieve the desired objectives.
- (d) Examine the factors that led to the Boxer Uprising. What were the results?
- (e) Analyze the contributions of Sun Yat-sen to the political history of China.
- (f) Briefly discuss the struggle between the nationalists and the communists. How did the communists come to power in 1949?

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